أيجابيات النفط تمثل جمال بيان صيني يتذكّر مخاوف حيال الطلب

تراجعت أسعار النفط في التعاملات المبكرة اليوم الأربعاء بعد أن أوضح ترقبات صيني للطلب المحدود. بعد بيانات تراجع سلبي لنمو جي بي دو، وصلت أسعار النفط إلى 86 دولارًا، بناءً على التوقعات السابقة.

أظهرت الأسعار تراجعًا بنسبة 0.2% في النصف الثاني من 2023، مع ارتفاع التكاليف وانخفاض الطلب، مما يهدد الرفاهية المالية للصناعات الأخضر.

المصادر (وقائع العربية.نت، صmargin:0.2%;)

"Moody’s" Shakes the Banking Sector

استنادا إلى نتائج الدراسات المالية العالمية، تشير الدراسات إلى تراجع أسعار الفائدة. هي "Moody’s" مصنف 10 مصارف أمريكية متوسطة الحجم و分类 6 مصارف أمريكية كبيرة في الربع الثاني من هذا العام.

المصادر (صحيفة الشرق الأوسط، نيويورك)

U.S. Expects Oil Production to Increase to 12.76 Million Barrels per Day in 2023

تتوقع إدارة معلومات الطاقة الأمريكية أن ترتفع إنتاج النفط الخام إلى 12.76 مليون برميل يوميًا في عام 2023. وفقًا لإدارة معلومات الطاقة، يتوقع إنتاج النفط الخام إلى 13.09 مليون برميل يوميًا في عام 2024.

المصادر (Al-Arabiya.net Website, Edited)
ITALY IMPOSES A 40 PERCENT TAX ON BANKS

Italy has imposed an unexpected one-time tax on the banking sector, with Prime Minister Giorgia Meloni's government announcing that "additional profits" made by banks on the back of higher interest rates will be subject to an additional 40 percent tax charge.

Meloni's government justified its action by saying it would use the tax to fund relief measures for families affected by higher interest rates. Italy expects to raise less than 3 billion euros ($3.29 billion) from the measure. Italian banks have posted huge profits due to interest rate hikes. Italy's top five banks reported a total profit of $10.5 billion in the first half of 2023, up 64 percent year-on-year, according to rating agency DPS Morningstar. A government agency, the Central Agency for Public Mobilization and Statistics in Egypt, revealed that Egypt's exports decreased by 20.9 percent, after the government announced that "additional profits" made by banks on the back of higher interest rates will be subject to an additional 40 percent tax charge.

GREECE

Greece's energy industry is facing a crisis after the government announced plans to impose a one-time tax on the sector. The move comes as Greece struggles with high energy prices and the European Union imposes sanctions on Russian oil.

ABU DHABI AND DUBAI IN THE LIST OF THE 20 SMARTEST CITIES AROUND THE WORLD

Abu Dhabi ranked 13th and Dubai 17th in the list of the 20 smartest cities in the Forbes list for 2023, topping the MENA region, without any competitor. The list included the 20 best cities in the world in terms of working to improve energy efficiency, reduce carbon dioxide emissions and increase the well-being of citizens, according to the Institute of Management and Development in partnership with the Global Organization for Smart Sustainable Cities.

Forbes indicated that Abu Dhabi is increasing its focus on digital innovation and sustainability to build a smart economy. The emirate's Economic Vision 2030 aims to transform its economy base from natural resources to knowledge, innovation, and the export of advanced technologies.

EGYPT'S EXPORTS DECREASED BY 20.9 PERCENT

The Central Agency for Public Mobilization and Statistics in Egypt (a government agency) revealed that the trade balance deficit increased by 4.3 percent during the month of May, compared to the same month of 2022, from about $3.57 billion to $3.74 billion, despite the decline in the value of imports by 9.4 percent, from about $7.85 to $7.12 billion. The agency attributed the increase in the trade balance deficit to the decline in exports by 20.9 percent, from about $4.28 billion in May 2022 to $3.38 billion in May 2023. According to Al-Jahar, the value of exports of natural and liquefied gas decreased by 69.7 percent, petroleum products by 41.7 percent, crude oil by 54.4 percent, and fertilizers by 72.4 percent.
التضخم في قطر يواصل التراجع

كشف مصرف قطر المركزي عن مواصلة التضخم انخفاضه للشهر الرابع على التوالي بنسبته 2.5% في يونيو 2023 عن أساس سنوي، بعد أن كان يبلغ 5.4% في فبراير 2023. وصلت التضخم السنوي إلى 6.0% في مايو 2023.

المصدر (صحيفة الراية القطرية، بتحرير)
China's trade surplus grew 2.8 percent in the first seven months of this year to 3.39 trillion yuan ($470.8 billion). According to data issued by the General Administration of Customs, the trade balance surplus reached $458 billion in the corresponding period of 2022. China's overseas exports grew 1.5 percent year on year to 13.47 trillion yuan ($1.87 trillion). On the other hand, the volume of imports fell by 1.1 percent from the previous year, to reach 10.08 trillion yuan ($1.4 trillion), bringing the total volume of foreign trade (imports and exports) by 0.4 percent on an annual basis, during the first seven months of 2023.
Source (Anadolu Agency, Edited)

China's Foreign Trade Surplus Records $470.8 Billion

Data released by the German Federal Statistical Office showed that consumer price inflation in Germany in July reached 6.2 percent year-on-year. In June, the annual inflation rate was 6.4 percent. According to the Census Bureau, although the inflation rate has declined slightly, it remains at a high level as the evolution of food prices in particular continues to affect inflation upwards. In addition, the increase in energy prices was again somewhat larger than in the previous two months. This means that inflation has been a burden on consumers in Germany for months, eroding their purchasing power.
Source (Al-Asharq Al-Awsat Newspaper, Edited)

German Inflation Eases Slightly to 6.2 Percent

China's trade surplus grew 2.8 percent in the first seven months of this year to 3.39 trillion yuan ($470.8 billion). According to data issued by the General Administration of Customs, the trade balance surplus reached $458 billion in the corresponding period of 2022. China's overseas exports grew 1.5 percent year on year to 13.47 trillion yuan ($1.87 trillion). On the other hand, the volume of imports fell by 1.1 percent from the previous year, to reach 10.08 trillion yuan ($1.4 trillion), bringing the total volume of foreign trade (imports and exports) by 0.4 percent on an annual basis, during the first seven months of 2023.
Source (Anadolu Agency, Edited)

China's Foreign Trade Surplus Records $470.8 Billion

Data released by the German Federal Statistical Office showed that consumer price inflation in Germany in July reached 6.2 percent year-on-year. In June, the annual inflation rate was 6.4 percent. According to the Census Bureau, although the inflation rate has declined slightly, it remains at a high level as the evolution of food prices in particular continues to affect inflation upwards. In addition, the increase in energy prices was again somewhat larger than in the previous two months. This means that inflation has been a burden on consumers in Germany for months, eroding their purchasing power.
Source (Al-Asharq Al-Awsat Newspaper, Edited)

German Inflation Eases Slightly to 6.2 Percent

China's trade surplus grew 2.8 percent in the first seven months of this year to 3.39 trillion yuan ($470.8 billion). According to data issued by the General Administration of Customs, the trade balance surplus reached $458 billion in the corresponding period of 2022. China's overseas exports grew 1.5 percent year on year to 13.47 trillion yuan ($1.87 trillion). On the other hand, the volume of imports fell by 1.1 percent from the previous year, to reach 10.08 trillion yuan ($1.4 trillion), bringing the total volume of foreign trade (imports and exports) by 0.4 percent on an annual basis, during the first seven months of 2023.
Source (Anadolu Agency, Edited)

China's Foreign Trade Surplus Records $470.8 Billion

Data released by the German Federal Statistical Office showed that consumer price inflation in Germany in July reached 6.2 percent year-on-year. In June, the annual inflation rate was 6.4 percent. According to the Census Bureau, although the inflation rate has declined slightly, it remains at a high level as the evolution of food prices in particular continues to affect inflation upwards. In addition, the increase in energy prices was again somewhat larger than in the previous two months. This means that inflation has been a burden on consumers in Germany for months, eroding their purchasing power.
Source (Al-Asharq Al-Awsat Newspaper, Edited)

German Inflation Eases Slightly to 6.2 Percent