قطر تبحث التعاون التنموي والتجارة الخارجية مع فنلندا

بحث النائب الأول لرئيس غرفة تجارة وصناعة قطر، محمد بن أحمد بن طوار الكواري، مع وزير التعاون التنموي والتجارة الخارجية في فنلندا، ويلي سكيناري، العلاقات الاقتصادية والتجارية وسبل تعزيزها وتطويرها. وجرى خلال اللقاء استعراض اتفاقيات التعاون والفرص المتاحة في البلدين، وتعزيز التعاون بين رجال الأعمال القطريين ونظيرهم الفنلندي في صناعات متاحة في البلدين، وتعزيز التعاون بين رجال الأعمال القطريين ونظيرهم في فنلندا.

الكواري قال: "القطاع الخاص القطري يرحب بتعزيز التعاون مع نظيره الفنلندي، خصوصاً في قطاعات تعتمد على التكنولوجيا المتقدمة، وحرص غرفة قطر على تعزيز العلاقات التجارية بين أصحاب الأعمال القطريين ونظيرهم من دول العالم."

من جانبه، أشار سكيناري إلى "التعاون الشعبي القوي بين البلدين، مستعرضاً مجالات عديدة للتعاون يمكن بحثها خصوصاً في قطاعات النفط والغاز والصناعات والتكنولوجيا. واستعرض سكيناري مناخ الاستثمار الجذاب في فنلندا، دعماً لرجال الأعمال إلى الاستثمار في بلاده. كما أن هناك فرص إنشاء شراكات مع شركات قطرية في قطاعات متاحة في فنلندا."

المصدر (صحيفة العرب الجديد، بتصريف)

Qatar Chamber Discusses Development Cooperation & Foreign Trade with Finland

The First Vice President of the Qatar Chamber of Commerce and Industry, Mohammed bin Ahmed bin Twar Al-Kuwari, discussed economic and trade relations with the Minister of Development Cooperation and Foreign Trade of Finland, Velle Skänari, and ways to enhance and develop them. During the meeting, they reviewed the investment climate and opportunities available in the two countries, and enhancing cooperation between Qatari businessmen and their Finnish counterparts to establish joint and mutual investments.

Al-Kuwari pointed out that "the Qatari private sector welcomes the strengthening of cooperation with its Finnish counterpart, especially in sectors that rely on advanced technology," stressing "Qatar Chamber's keenness to

strengthen cooperation relations between Qatari business owners and their counterparts from around the world," calling on the Finnish side to "invest in Qatar and benefit from the incentives it provides to foreign investors, advanced infrastructure and pioneering economic legislation."

For his part, Skinary praised the strong friendly relations between the two countries, reviewing many areas of cooperation that can be discussed, especially in the oil and gas, industries, and technology sectors. Skinary reviewed the attractive investment climate in Finland, calling on businessmen to invest in his country, noting that he looks forward to seeing more Qatari companies in Finland.

Source (Al-Araby Al-Jadeed, Edited)
Moody's下去给的经济是一个稳定的展望

Moody's downgraded Egypt's sovereign rating by one notch to B3 from B2, revealing Egypt's declining foreign exchange reserves and ability to absorb external shocks. The agency changed its outlook for Egypt to be stable from negative. "Moody's," it said did not expect Egypt's liquidity to recover and its external position to improve rapidly.

The Central Bank of Egypt announced in a statement that net foreign reserves rose to $34.224 billion in January from $34 billion in December 2022. Egypt is facing a foreign exchange shortage despite allowing the Egyptian pound to fall sharply in recent months. Egypt's headline inflation is expected to accelerate further after jumping to a five-year high in December.

Source (Al-Arabiya.net, Edited)
The Saudi Ministry of Investment disclosed that foreign direct investment inflows increased by 10.7 percent in the third quarter of 2022 compared to the same period of the previous year. According to the ministry’s latest data, foreign direct investment inflows totaled 7.2 billion riyals ($1.9 billion) in the third quarter of 2022, compared to 6.5 billion riyals in the third quarter of 2021.

In parallel, Minister of Finance and Chairman of the Financial Sector Development Program Committee, Mohammed Al-Jadaan, stressed that "Saudi Arabia seeks to progress at a higher pace in the process of implementing comprehensive structural reforms, including financial sector reforms, by implementing strategies, programs, and projects that drive sustainable economic growth and raise the quality of life, in accordance with the Kingdom’s Vision 2030, in order to achieve high growth rates and provide greater employment opportunities, in addition to raising the level of basic and social services, enhancing the role of the private sector, and developing of local content and domestic industry, while at the same time strengthening the country’s strong fiscal position".

Al-Jadaan stressed that "Saudi Arabia is in a good position with the challenges of the current situation, and the policies implemented by the government proactively, which contributed to reducing the impact of these challenges," noting that "the Saudi economy achieved tangible positive developments at the economic and financial levels during the past 2022, as it exceeded previous local and international expectations.”

Source (Asharq Al-Awsat, Edited)

Kuwait achieved the Highest Fiscal Balance in 2022

A report issued by Mitsubishi UFG Bank, Japan’s largest bank, showed that Kuwait achieved the highest fiscal balance among all Gulf countries in 2022, as a percentage of GDP. It also came second in the current account balance as a percentage of GDP last year after Qatar, expecting to maintain its second position in the Gulf in 2023.

In a report on its forecasts for the Middle East for 2023, the bank indicated that Kuwait achieved the second highest rate of real GDP growth among the GCC countries in 2022, after reaching 6.4 percent, while it is expected to record 2.2 percent this year, which is the lowest expected rate among the Gulf economies.

According to the bank, Kuwait has good liquidity, warning of continued political differences that may affect the rating, indicating that away from oil, the non-oil sector is booming, and the prospects for domestic demand are stable, as data indicates the expansion of the labor market and renewed growth in the number of expatriates, in addition to a steady credit expansion despite the rise in interest rates.

Source (Al-Rai Kuwaiti Newspaper, Edited)