الشيخ خليفة آل ثاني يبحث في مصر تعزيز العلاقات الاقتصادية والاستثمارية

بحث رئيس غرفة قطر الشيخ خليفة بن جاسم بن محمد آل ثاني، مع وزير التجارة والصناعة المصرية أحمد سمير، على هامش مشاركته في مؤتمر العمل العربي الذي يُعقد في القاهرة، دور القطاع الخاص في تعزيز العلاقات التجارية بين البلدين، بالإضافة إلى سبل تقديم تسهيلات للشركات القطرية لتوسيع استثماراتها في مصر، وتطوير العلاقات الاقتصادية والاستثمارية بين البلدين.

وقال الوزير أحمد سمير، إلى التوافق في الرؤى بين مصر ودولة قطر بشأن أهمية تعظيم الاستفادة من المُقوّمات الصناعية والتجارية الهائلة للبلدين، ومدى ترجمتها إلى مشاريع مُشتركة تسهم في الارتقاء باقتصاديهما، مُعربًا عن الاستعداد بتذليل كافة العقبات أمام الشركات والمستثمرين القطريين لتشجيعهم على التوسع في الاستثمار الحالي وصخ استثمارات جديدة في السوق المصري في المستقبل القريب. واتهم إلى أهمية الدور الذي يقوم به مجتمع الأعمال بالبلدين في تعزيز أطر التعاون المشترك وإقامة المزيد من المشاريع الاستثمارية المشتركة وخلق المزيد من فرص العمل.

من جانبه، أكد الشيخ خليفة بن جاسم آل ثاني، على عمق العلاقات الأخوية التي تربط البلدين، خاصة العلاقات التجارية التي تشهد تطورًا ملحوظًا، حيث حقق التبادل التجاري ارتفاعًا بأكثر من 50 في المئة خلال العام الماضي.

وافتتحت |--| يبحث في مصر تعزيز العلاقات الاقتصادية والاستثمارية

The President of Qatar Chamber, Sheikh Khalifa bin Jassim Al Thani, discussed with the Egyptian Minister of Trade and Industry Ahmed Samir, on the sidelines of his participation in the Arab Labor Conference, which is being held in Cairo, the role of the private sector in strengthening trade relations between the two countries, in addition to ways to provide facilities for Qatari companies to expand their investments in Egypt, and to develop economic and investment relations between the two countries.

Minister Ahmed Samir drew attention to the consensus of visions between Egypt and the State of Qatar regarding the importance of maximizing the benefits of the two countries enormous industrial and commercial components, and the extent to which they are translated into joint projects that contribute to the advancement of their economies. He expressed readiness to remove all obstacles for Qatari companies and encourage them to expand current investments and pump new investments into the Egyptian market in the near future. He pointed out the importance of the role played by the business community in the two countries in strengthening cooperation frameworks, establishing more joint investment projects, and creating more job opportunities.

For his part, Sheikh Khalifa bin Jassim Al Thani stressed the depth of the brotherly relations between the two countries, especially the trade relations that are witnessing a remarkable development, as trade exchange has risen by more than 50 percent during the past year.

He pointed out the Qatar Chamber’s keenness to enhance its cooperation with the private sector in Egypt to establish joint projects that benefit the Qatari and Egyptian economies. He pointed out that “there are great opportunities to enhance cooperation at the regional and international levels through the membership of Qatar and Egypt in the Federation of Arab Chambers and the Islamic Chamber and several joint Arab and international chambers of commerce, which allows for the establishment of partnerships and joint projects in other countries.”

Source (Al-Raya Qatari Newspaper, Edited)
احتفظت الإمارات بمكانتها كوجهة أولى للسفر والسياحة في المنطقة، حيث وصلت نفقات الزوار إلى 30 مليار دولار (110 مليارات درهم) عام 2021، وذلك وفقاً لتقرير "الكابيتال" عن الضيافة في دول مجلس التعاون الخليجي. وكشفت عن إنفاق زوار الترفيه والأعمال مليار دولار في الإمارات ما مجموعه 27.4 مليار دولار في عام 2021، وهو أعلى معدل بين أسواق دول مجلس التعاون الخليجي. حيث كان لدولة الإمارات الحصة الأكبر من إجمالي الإنفاق على السياحة الترفيهية في المنطقة العام الماضي بنسبة 34.1 من المئة، تليها السعودية (33.2%) وقطر (19.8%).

Surplus of Saudi Arabia's Foreign Trade Balance Increased by 173 percent

The surplus of Saudi Arabia’s foreign trade balance (oil and non-oil) increased by 173.8 percent on an annual basis during the first seven months of 2022, reaching 147.3 billion dollars, compared to about 54 billion dollars, during the corresponding period of 2021. According to data issued by the Saudi General Authority for Statistics (governmental), the value of merchandise exports (oil and non-oil) increased by 77.2 percent, to $249.9 billion, while imports rose 17.9 percent, to $102.6 billion. The value of "oil" exports to Saudi Arabia rose by 95.1 percent to $198.7 billion. And Saudi Arabia's crude oil exports rose by 2.6 percent on a monthly basis, last July, to 7.38 million barrels per day.

Saudi Arabia is the largest exporter of crude oil in the world, although it comes third in production after the United States and Russia.

Source (Al-Araby Al-Jadeed Newspaper, Edited)

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Source (Al-Araby Al-Jadeed Newspaper, Edited)
The International Monetary Fund revealed that the Lebanese economy is still suffering from severe pressure due to the continuous stalemate in the much-needed economic reforms and the high uncertainty. The Fund indicated that Lebanon’s progress in implementing the reforms approved by the International Monetary Fund is progressing at a very slow pace.

The IMF demanded that prior procedures be completed for the IMF board of directors to study Lebanon’s request for a financial program. The fund called for the need to unify the exchange rate and expedite the preparation of the draft budget for 2023 after approving the budget for the current year.

The International Monetary Fund expressed its desire to continue cooperation and support with Lebanon, surprising the ambiguity that prevailed at the level of the executive and legislative authorities in terms of carrying out the necessary reforms to advance the Lebanese economy, especially since every delay leads to Lebanon losing time and results.

The International Monetary Fund delegation stressed, during its meeting with Lebanese President Michel Aoun, the need to restore confidence in the financial and banking sector represented by the Banque du Liban and banks, indicating that the large losses in the Lebanese banking sector must be recognized and addressed in advance.

Source (Al-Arabiya.net Website, Edited)