A report issued by the World Bank estimated the per capita share of the total wealth in the UAE at 3.04 million dirhams (827.76 thousand dollars); based on the basis of purchasing power, ranking fourth in the world, while Singapore came first in the list, followed by Switzerland and then the United States in the second and third places, respectively.

The report "The Changing Wealth of Nations" estimated the share of non-renewable resources in the total wealth in the UAE at less than 30%, according to the data that covered the period from 1995 to 2018.

The UAE ranked 9th in the MENA region in terms of the share of non-renewable resources (oil and gas) of the GDP, which according to the report is less than 20% of GDP. It also ranked 9th globally in terms of the value of non-renewable natural resources and the volume of natural resource revenues. According to the bank's estimates, the UAE is expected to preserve its oil wealth before its depletion for more than 67 years and about 100 years for its gas wealth. This World Bank report provides data for a more comprehensive look at economic growth and sustainability, and concludes that the share of total global wealth in renewable natural capital is decreasing.

Source (Al Khaleej Newspaper-UAE, Edited)
المساهمة في تنشيط المناطق الداخلية للسياحة. ووضعت وزارة السياحة التقليدية للمستثمرين في السنوات الثلاث المقبلة استراتيجيات لتنمية السياحة الداخلية وتضمن إجراءات تتعلق بالجودة والمنافسة والمسؤولية الاجتماعية التي تسمح بالاستفادة السياحية للمنطقة في العالم. وتعد السياحة مضذرا رئيسيا للفنادق والمستشفيات. ووفقا لبلحسين إلى أنه تم تسجيل ارتفاع في عدد الليالي السياحة في الفندق بـ 19 في المئة في حين زاد عدد الليالي في المئة بمعدل 3 في المئة مقارنة مع العام الماضي. ويرى أن ذلك ينعكس بشكل إيجابي على المعدلات الإجمالية للوحدات السكنية إلى السفر السياحي، خاصة بعد عودة الأسواق الداخلية والخارجية. وملحوظة تحفيز تونس بشأن انتشار الوباء وخصصته من المنطقة الحمراء. وذلك يعكس أن تونس تركز على مراجعة القوانين لتشجيع الاستقرار في منتجات السياحة الزراعة أو ما يعرف بالأعمال الدبلجة وتعد العام الجديد بميدان العمل الساحلي من تونس.

Tunisian Tourism Activity Grew by 7%

The Minister of Tourism and Crafts in Tunisia, Mohamed Moez Belhossein, revealed that the revenues from tourism activity have improved since the beginning of the year by 7 percent year on year. Belhossein pointed out that “a rise in the number of overnight stays in hotels was recorded by about 19 percent, while the number of arrivals increased by about 3 percent compared to last year,” noting that “the indicators heralded the return of the sector to its previous activity, especially after the return of the British, German the Russian markets, and reviewing Tunisia’s classification regarding the spread of the epidemic and removing it from the red zone.”

Belhossein confirmed that “Tunisia is reviewing laws to encourage investment in rural tourism products, or what is known as "alternative tourism" and restructuring them to contribute to the development of the interior regions.” The Tunisian Ministry of Tourism has developed a strategy for the next three years to restore the sector's activity pace, which includes measures related to display, promotion, domestic tourism and health issues that will help restore Tunisian tourism to its global position. Tourism is a major source of foreign currency, and after Tunisia received in 2019 for the first time nine million tourists and achieved revenues of about two billion dollars after the terrorist attacks in 2015, the sector returned to the deflationary square again after the outbreak of the epidemic last year. 

Source (London-based Al-Arab Newspaper, Edited)